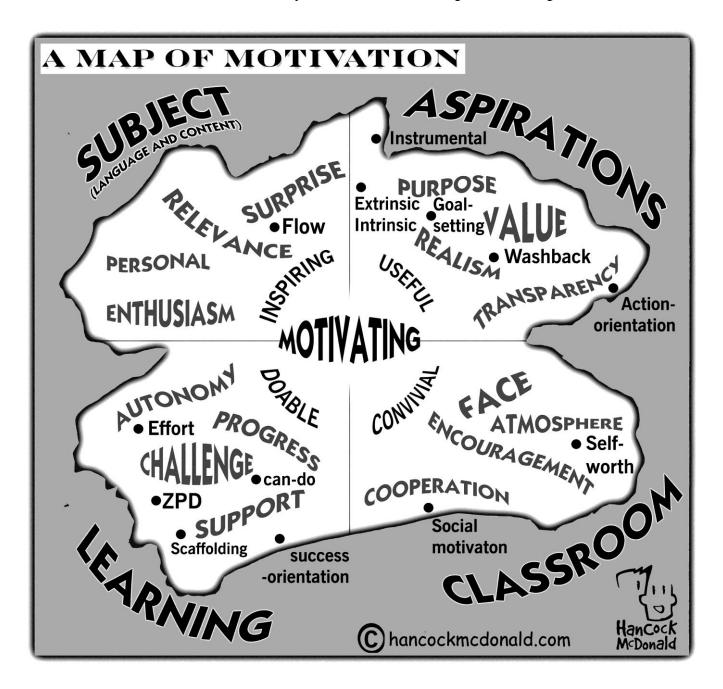
A Map of Motivation

Mark Hancock

There's more than one way to motivate. Explore the possibilities!



References

Csikszentmihalyi, M. 2002, Flow. London: Rider

Dörnyei, Z. 2001. Motivational Strategies in the Language Classroom. Cambridge: C.U.P.

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Motivational Strategies

Identify the strategy which does <u>not</u> belong in this set! Locate the strategies on the map.

| teacher | strategy |
|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Ana | I make task content attractive by adapting it to the students' natural interests or by including novel, intriguing, exotic, humorous, competitive or fantasy elements. |
| Ben | I encourage learners to select specific, short-term goals for themselves. |
| Carla | I reiterate the role that English plays in the world, highlighting its potential usefulness both for themselves and their community. |
| David | I relate the subject matter to the everyday experiences and backgrounds of the students. |
| Emma | I encourage risk-taking and have mistakes accepted as a natural part of learning |
| Frank | I motivate them by telling them that this is in the exam, and reminding them of the dire consequences of failing the exam. |
| Gloria | I make sure they know exactly what success in the task involves, and make sure they receive sufficient preparation and assistance. |
| Henry | I design tests that focus on what learners can rather than cannot do, and also include improvement options. |
| Isabel | I teach students learning strategies to facilitate the intake of new material. |
| Javier | I avoid face-threatening acts such as humiliating criticism or putting students in the spotlight unexpectedly. |
| Karen | I encourage learners to explain their failures by the lack of effort and appropriate strategies applied rather than by their insufficient ability. |
| Luis | I include activities that lead to the successful completion of whole-group tasks or involve small-group competition games. |

All but one of the above are selected and adapted from Zoltán Dörnyei (2001) *Motivational Strategies in the Language Classroom* CUP Cambridge