

## **Understanding the Spoken English Word**

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## OUTLINE

- Warmer transcription activity
- Listening: processes and techniques
- The sound substance
- Non-expert listener challenges
- Activities to develop decoding skills
- Conclusions

## Warmer transcription activity

くらえ

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#### Context



budgie tear line



budgie tear line

## Background

- RyanAir
- Michael O'Leary
- September 2017
- The BBC
- Business Daily
- Passengers and holidays
- Pilots and holidays

## What went wrong at RyanAir?

Situation – in September, thousands of RyanAir passengers were left stranded.

People who had booked flights as far ahead as Christmas started to worry that their holidays might be affected. The BBC interviewed the boss of RyanAir, Michael O'Leary, and discussed the situation in more detail.

(19<sup>th</sup> Sept 2017 BBC Business Daily)

#### **Transcription Fragments**

## 



**Rhine Air** 

## transcript

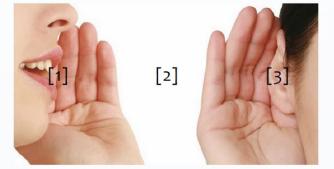
This is our mess up. When we make a mess at RyanAir we come out with our hands up. We try to explain why we made the mess, when we will pay compensation to those passengers who are entitled to compensation, which will be those flights that are cancelled over the next two weeks.

# Listening: processes and techniques



## Cauldwell R (2018)

#### Sound substance

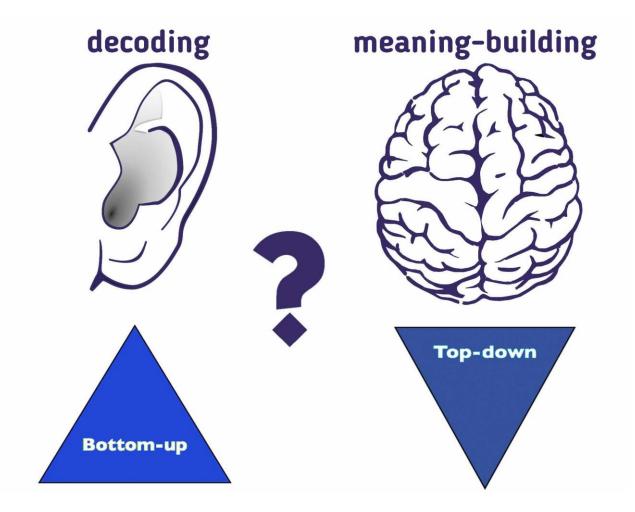


The sound substance is the stream which,

[1] after exiting the mouth of the speaker[2] travels through the air ...[3] and arrives at the ear of the listener

"A term used to refer to the spoken language – the invisible form of language that passes by very quickly and is gone. It is not available for the listener's inspection – it has to be processed by the listener at speeds which are beyond his or her control." (A Syllabus for Listening p.236)

#### **Processes**



## **Bottom-up Primacy: Potential Word Candidates**



## **Some Listening Techniques**

- We evaluate probabilities arising from the structure of the native vocabulary
- We track information to locate the boundaries between words
- We pay attention to the way that words are pronounced
- We assess prosodic information that spans sequences of sounds ... and carry out

... a 'formidable range of mental tasks carried out with astonishing speed and accuracy'

Cutler, Anne (2012) Native Listening, The MIT Press

#### The sound substance



#### **The Horticultural Metaphor**

#### Greenhouse

#### Garden

#### Jungle



connected speech

spontaneous speech



Richard Cauldwell

#### The consequences

Squeezing together of words (eg the dropping of sounds, the lack of clarity around positive and negative etc) =  $\underline{\text{mush}}$ 

The expert listener's ability to understand meanings **<u>deafens</u>** them to the realities/true nature of spontaneous speech ...

Cauldwell, R. (2018) A Syllabus for Listening - Decoding

## **Spoken English: Slips of the Ear**



Spaghetti car banana There's a bathroom on the right. Completely sober We can't be \*\*\*ed to teach ... Products rip in plastic I was nice girl

Spaghetti carbonara There's a bad moon on the rise. Complete this over We can be asked to teach ... Products wrapped in plastic I was a night owl

## **Non-expert listener challenges**

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'Understanding speech in our native tongue seems **natural** and **effortless** ..... but listening to speech in a **non-native language** is a **different experience**'

Cutler, Anne (2012) Native Listening, The MIT Press

#### Sonia's transcript

Michael O'Leary 1: Hus is hour when mensagen ime Ryandir We can hang out . We trie to explained while - We did the message when will pull compensation compession with we'll the passage flich to concelled over the mextitudo Weeks

This is <sup>1</sup> our mess up // When <sup>2</sup> we make a mess at RyanAir // we <sup>3</sup> come out // <sup>4</sup> with our hands up // we try to explain // why we <sup>5</sup> made the mess // when we will pay compensation // <sup>6</sup> to those passengers // <sup>7</sup> who are entitled to compensation // which will be those flights <sup>8</sup> // that are cancelled // over the next two weeks.

## **Degree of comprehension?**

This is hour when mensagem Ryanair we can <u>hang out</u> ..... We try to explained why we did the **message** ..... when ... will pay compensation to the passage

... compensation with we'll be the fligh to cancelled over the next two weeks This is our mess up. When we make a mess at RyanAir we come out with our hands up, we try to explain why we made the mess, when we will pay compensation to those passengers who are entitled to compensation which will be those flights that are cancelled over the next two weeks.



#### More slips the ear



- a long holiday = on holiday
- the errors = the area
- pilot's holidays = on holiday
- that, in short, is what = that, insure it's was
- we're not short of = when not sort of
- weather disruptions = weather instructions

#### Others

- seminar = cinema
- a lot smaller than = lot more than
- what the whole = what the hell
- a lot smaller than = lot more than
- The UK and Norway = The UK and North Wales
- Float planes = **flute planes?**

#### **Some L2 problems**

- Sounds (consonants, vowels short / sort; we'll be / will be)
- Sounds/word boundaries (in short > insure)
- Similar-sounding structures/words (we'll be / will be; hour/our)
- Remembering word meaning quickly enough
- Knowing the word (mess)
- Hearing unstressed function words
- Hearing final consonants (I won't go / I want to go)
- Recognising a variation of a known word
- Not hearing not!

# Activities to develop decoding skills





**Rhine Air** 

#### Awareness-raising to Mush

 1. we may come S
 1. \_\_\_\_\_

 2. rye near week
 2. \_\_\_\_\_

 3. pastures who were tight
 3. \_\_\_\_\_\_

 4. doze flight sitter can
 4. \_\_\_\_\_\_

 5. the neck's too weak
 5. \_\_\_\_\_\_







**Rhine Air** 

- 1. we make a mess
- 2. RyanAir we
- **3.** passengers who were entit(led)
- 4. those flights that are can(celled)
- 5. the next two weeks

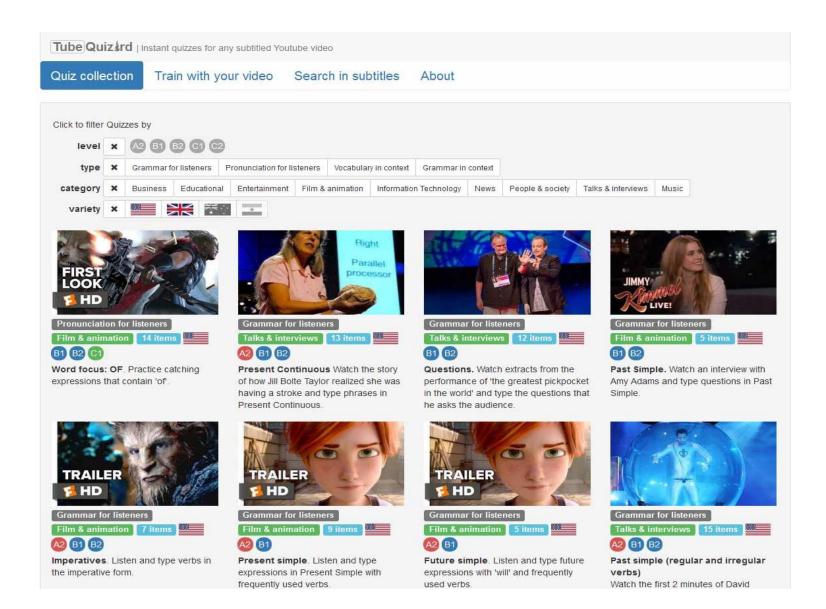
#### **Explicit work on decoding**

#### Classroom decoding with a B1 group

#### Olya Sergeeva

<u>Https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=94KG2Kw1jh</u>

## Micro-listening www.tubequizard.com



#### **Dictations and transcripts**

Paused dictation (text / snippets)

'Now I understand why I don't understand'

Make listening accessible to inspection

## Teaching listening with TED talks

## Tough truths about plastic pollution (5 min 18 sec)

https://www.ted.com/talks/dianna\_cohen\_tough
\_truths\_about\_plastic\_pollution?language

#### A possible procedure?

- Video divided into 7 sections, with comp.
   qs and language input for each section
- Sts watched entire talk (@ reduced speed)
- Presented language, sts read comp qs, watched/listened twice, section by section
- Checked answers, read audio script and discussed language before watching again

#### **Tough truths about plastic pollution**

https://www.ted.com/talks/dianna\_cohen\_tough\_truths\_about\_plastic\_pollution?language

5 mins 18 secs - divided into 7 sections

#### Listening 1: 0.00 – 00.45

**Key vocabulary:** plastic pollution / coalition / installations / fissure / ephemeral

**Chunks:** one of the / cut up / for the last / turn into / after about / break down into / just like us

#### Listening 2: 00.45 – 01.42

**Key vocabulary:** marine environment / initial reaction / a proposal / decommissioned / gyre

Chunks: learned about / to go out / pick up

**More chunks:** back up / look at / turn off / concerned about / some of them / kind of / look into it / most of it / turned into / looking at / think about / know a lot about

#### Students' feedback (14)

Focussing on key words, marking stress before watching part of a video

very useful (11) useful (2) sometimes (1) not useful

Repeating key words before watching part of a video

very useful (7) useful (6) sometimes (1) not useful

Listening to chunks (eg. all over the world) before watching part of a video

very useful (8) useful (4) sometimes (2) not useful

Saying chunks (eg. all over the world) before watching part of a video

very useful (9) useful (5) sometimes not useful

#### Conclusions



- Be aware of deafness and listen carefully to / for mush!
- Use your knowledge of the learner's L1 and the audioscript to identify potential problem areas
- Devise pre-listening activities which focus on potential / known problem areas
- Direct attention to chunks
- Use variations on dictation activities to help learners develop sound/word recognition (decoding skills)
- Set time for learners to compare their understanding with the text (audio-script) and discover reasons for listening difficulties ...

#### Make listening accessible to inspection

#### **Useful resources**

• <u>www.tubequizard.com</u>

- <u>https://eltgeek.wordpress.com</u> Olya Sergeeva
- <u>http://www.bbc.co.uk/learningenglish/english/</u> <u>features/pronunciation/tims-pronunciation-</u> <u>workshop-ep-1</u>

<u>https://youglish.com/search</u>

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